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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/975,968	10/15/2001	Rikio Shiba	862.C2245	1046	
5514	7590 12/14/2004		EXAM	EXAMINER	
FITZPATRICK CELLA HARPER & SCINTO 30 ROCKEFELLER PLAZA			FISCHER, ANDREW J		
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	,		3627		

DATE MAILED: 12/14/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)	- I
	09/975,968	SHIBA ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Andrew J. Fischer	3627	
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	n appears on the cover sheet wi	th the correspondence addre	ess
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR R THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATI  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 C after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communicatic  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory p - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ON FR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a roon. a reply within the statutory minimum of thirt beriod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON statute, cause the application to become AB	eply be timely filed y (30) days will be considered timely. THS from the mailing date of this comm ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nunication.
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	29 November 2004.		
	This action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for all		ers, prosecution as to the m	erits is
closed in accordance with the practice un		) •	
Disposition of Claims			
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1,60-66 and 68 is/are pending in 4a) Of the above claim(s) 61-66 is/are with 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1,58 and 60 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction as	ndrawn from consideration.		
Application Papers	•		
9) The specification is objected to by the Exa			
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) □	accepted or b) objected to t	by the Examiner.	
Applicant may not request that any objection to	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• •	
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the control of the control			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for for a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority docur 2. Certified copies of the priority docur 3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International But * See the attached detailed Office action for a	ments have been received. ments have been received in Appriority documents have been ureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	oplication No received in this National Sta	age
Attachment(s)	·		
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		ummary (PTO-413)	
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948 B) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/S Paper No(s)/Mail Date		)/Mail Date formal Patent Application (PTO-15 	2)

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

# Continued Examination Under 37 C.F.R. §1.114

1. A request for continued examination ("RCE") under 37 C.F.R. §1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 C.F.R. §1.17(e), was filed in this on November 29, 2004. This application was under a final rejection (the Second Final Office Action, August 24, 2004) and is therefore eligible for continued examination under 37 C.F.R. §1.114. Because the fee set forth in 37 C.F.R. §1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office Action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 C.F.R. §1.114.

# Acknowledgements

- 2. In accordance with the RCE noted above, Applicants' amendment filed November 29, 2004is acknowledged. Accordingly, claims 1, 58, 60-68 remain pending.
- This application in an image file wrapper ("IFW") application. Applicants' response is therefore broken down before being placed into the IFW system (*i.e.* claims, remarks, drawings, etc. are separated and independently scanned). To ensure proper handling by he Examiner, the Examiner highly recommends Applicants place the application serial no (*e.g.* 09/123,456) in a header or footer (or other appropriate area) of *each* page submitted. At the very least, the Examiner highly recommends this practice for all pages listing the claims.
- 4. This Office Action is written in OACS. Because of this, the Examiner is unable to control formatting, paragraph numbering, font, spelling, line spacing, and/or other word processing issues. The Examiner sincerely apologies for these errors.

#### Restriction

- 5. This application was subject to a First Restriction requirement mailed on January 14, 2003. Applicants' response filed February 12, 2003 elected Invention I without traverse.

  Applicants have already received office actions on the merits for Invention I and Invention I has been expressly elected for prosecution on the merits by Applicants. Because Applicants have cancelled some the claims present in the First Restriction requirement which are necessary for the First Restriction requirement, the First Restriction of January 14, 2003 is hereby withdrawn.
- 6. Newly submitted claims 61-68 directed to an invention that is independent or distinct from the invention originally claimed for the following reasons:
  - I. Claims 1, 58, and 60, drawn to a method, classified in class 705, subclass 26.
  - II. Claims 61-66, drawn to a product classified in class 717, subclass 120.
- 7. Therefore the inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons. Inventions I and II are related as process and apparatus for its practice. The inventions are distinct if it can be shown that either: (1) the process as claimed can be practiced by another materially different apparatus or by hand, or (2) the apparatus as claimed can be used to practice another and materially different process. See MPEP §806.05(e). In this case, the process as claimed can be practiced by another materially different apparatus—an apparatus that does not include a receiver.
- 8. Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above, because these inventions have acquired a separate status in the art as shown by their different classification and divergent subject matter, and because the search required for Group I is not required for Group II, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

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9. Because Applicants have previously elected Invention I, because Applicants have received actions on the merits for Invention I, and because the USPTO generally does not permit shift (see MPEP §819), claims 61-66 are withdrawn from consideration as being directed to a non-elected invention. See also 37 C.F.R. §1.142(b) and MPEP §821.03.

10. Applicants are also reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 C.F.R. §1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 C.F.R. §1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 C.F.R. §1.17(i).

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC §112 2nd Paragraph

- 11. The following is a quotation of the 2<sup>nd</sup> paragraph of 35 U.S.C. §112:
  - The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 12. Claims 1 and 58 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. §112, 2<sup>nd</sup> paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.
  - a. In claim 1 (~lines 12-13), it is unclear if the "information processing system" manages the "flag" or the "memory"
  - b. In claim 60, the phrase "reading a history regarding the used consumable returned by a user corresponding to the user log-in information, from a database" is indefinite. In particular, it is unclear if the "corresponding to the user log-in information" relates to the "history" or to the "user."

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### Claim Rejections - 35 USC §102

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13. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. §102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office Action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.
- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States. . . .
- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 14. Claims 1, 58, and 60, as understood by the Examiner, are rejected under 35

  U.S.C. §102(e) as being anticipated by Hayward et. al. (U.S. 6,629,134 B2)("Hayward '134").

  Hayward '134 discloses receiving participating information indicating whether or not a user wishes to participate in a return service (inherent since the consumer is given the choice of whether or not to return the used cartridge); setting a flag in memory (indicating the whether or not the user wishes to participate); transmitting first information (the user submits user information); allowing the user to input date into the data fields (again, the user enters user information); transmitting second information which includes a message (the message telling the user to return the used cartridge); indicating a history (e.g. the user's mailing address history if already on file, previous purchases, and previous credit card(s) used); the
- Claims 1, 58, and 60, as understood by the Examiner, are rejected under 35U.S.C. §102(e) as being clearly anticipated by Haines et. al. (U.S. 6,233,409 B1)("Haines '409").
- 16. Claims 1, 58, and 60, as understood by the Examiner, are rejected under 35 U.S.C. §102(e) as being clearly anticipated by Allen (U.S. 6,233,408 B1)("09").

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### Claim Rejections - 35 USC §103

17. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. §103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office Action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

18. Claims 1, 58, and 60, as understood by the Examiner, are rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being unpatentable over Hayward '134. It is the Examiner's principle position that the claims are anticipated because of the inerencies noted above.

However if not inherent, the Examiner takes Official Notice that web sites store purchase history information of its returning customers. Therefore it would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Hayward '134 to include history information. Such a modification would have allowed the user to save time by not having to always type in mailing address, credit card, part number, or other reoccurring information.

19. For due process purposes, the Examiner again confirms that Applicants have decided not to be their own lexicographer by indicating and defining claim limitations to have meanings other than their ordinary and accustomed meanings. To support this position, the Examiner again notes the following factual findings as first discussed in the previous Office Actions.<sup>2</sup> First, the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See MPEP §2112 expressly authorizing alternative §102/§103 rejections when the question of inherency is present in the anticipation rejection.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See the Office Action mailed August 27, 2003, Paragraph No. 10; the Office Action mailed January 28, 2004, Paragraph No. 3; and the Office Action mailed August 24, 2004, Paragraph No. 11.

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Examiner has again carefully reviewed the specification and prosecution history and can not locate any lexicographic definition(s). Second, the Examiner finds that not only have Applicants not pointed to definitional statements in their specification or prosecution history, Applicants have also not pointed to a term or terms in a claim with which to draw in those statements<sup>3</sup> with the required clarity, deliberateness, and precision.<sup>4</sup> Third, after receiving express notice of the Examiner's position that lexicography is not invoked, Applicants' responses have not point out the "supposed errors" in the Examiner's position regarding lexicography invocation in accordance with 37 C.F.R. §1.111(b) (i.e. Applicants did not argue lexicography was invoked). Forth and to be sure of Applicants' intent, the Examiner also notes that Applicants have declined the Examiner's express invitation to be their own lexicographer. Finally, after receiving express notice of the preceding factual findings and conclusions, Applicants' latest response again fails to point out the supposed errors in the Examiner's position regarding lexicography invocation in accordance with 37 C.F.R. §1.111(b). Moreover, Applicants' latest response—while fully considered by the Examiner—does not change the Examiner's conclusion that Applicants have decided not to be their own lexicographer. Therefore (and unless expressly noted otherwise by

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> "In order to overcome this heavy presumption in favor of the ordinary meaning of claim language, it is clear that a party wishing to use statements in the written description to confine or otherwise affect a patent's scope must, at the very least, point to a term or terms in the claim with which to draw in those statements. [Emphasis added.]" Johnson Worldwide Assocs. v. Zebco Corp., 175 F.3d 985, 989, 50 USPQ2d 1607, 1610 (Fed. Cir. 1999).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> "The patentee's lexicography must, of course, appear 'with reasonable clarity, deliberateness, and precision' before it can affect the claim." *Renishaw PLC v. Marposs Societa' per Azioni*, 158 F.3d 1243, 1249, 48 USPQ2d 1117, 1121 (Fed. Cir. 1998) citing *In re Paulsen*, 30 F.3d 1475, 1480, 31 USPQ2d 1671, 1674 (Fed. Cir. 1994).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> See Note 2.

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the Examiner), the heavy presumption in favor of the ordinary and accustomed meaning for claim terminology is confirmed. Accordingly, the claims continue to be interpreted with their "broadest reasonable interpretation," *In re Morris*, 127 F.3d 1048, 1054, 44 USPQ2d 1023, 1027 (Fed. Cir. 1997), and the Examiner continues to rely heavily and extensively on this interpretation.<sup>6</sup>

- 20. Regarding the conditional language such as "in a case when, Applicants are also reminded that "Language that <u>suggest or makes optional</u> but does not require steps to be performed or does not limit a claim to a particular structure does not limit the scope of a claim or claim limitation. [Emphasis in original.]" MPEP §2106 II C.
- 21. The Examiner maintains his position regarding functional language.

# Response to Arguments

22. Applicants' arguments with respect to the claims have been considered but are moot in view of the new grounds of rejection.

### Conclusion

- 23. Additional references considered pertinent to Applicants' disclosure are listed on form PTO-892.
- 24. The following two (2) citations to the Manual of Patent Examining Procedure ("MPEP") apply to this Office Action: MPEP citations to Chapters 100, 200, 500, 600, 700, 1000, 1100,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> See 37 C.F.R. §1.104(c)(3) which states in part: "the examiner may rely upon admissions by applicant . . . as to *any matter* affecting patentability . . . . [Emphasis added.]"

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1300, 1400, 1500, 1700, 1800, 2000, 2100, 2200, 2500, 2600, and 2700 are from the MPEP 8<sup>th</sup> Edition, Rev. 2, May 2004. All remaining MPEP citations are from MPEP 8<sup>th</sup> Edition, August 2001.

- 25. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).
- 26. In accordance with the USPTO's goals of customer service, compact prosecution, and reduction of cycle time, the Examiner has made every effort to clarify his position regarding claim interpretation and any rejections or objections in this application. Furthermore, the Examiner has again provided Applicants with notice—for due process purposes—of his position regarding his factual determinations and legal conclusions. The Examiner notes and thanks Applicants for their "Remarks" (beginning on page 10) traversing the Examiner's positions on various points. If Applicants disagree with any additional factual determination or legal conclusion made by the Examiner in this Office Action whether expressly stated or implied, <sup>7</sup> the Examiner respectfully reminds Applicants to properly traverse the Examiner's position(s) in accordance with 37 C.F.R. §1.111(b) in their next properly filed response. By addressing these issues now, matters where the Examiner and Applicants agree can be eliminated allowing the Examiner and Applicants to focus on areas of disagreement (if any) with the goal towards

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allowance in the shortest possible time. If Applicants have any questions regarding the Examiner's positions or have other questions regarding this communication or even previous communications, Applicants are strongly encouraged to contact Examiner Andrew J. Fischer whose telephone number is (703) 305-0292. If attempts to reach the Examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the Examiner's immediate supervisor, Robert Olszewski, can be reached at (703) 308-5183. The fax number for facsimile responses is now (703) 872-9306.

Andrew J. Fischer Primary Examiner Art Unit 3627

applischer 12/10/04

AJF December 10, 2004

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> E.g., if the Examiner rejected a claim under §103 with two references, although not directly stated, it is the Examiner's implied position that the references are analogous art.